



Figure 1. Proportion of fish stock within safe biological limits

The proportion of fish stock within safe biological limits is an indicator of the health of fishery resources in Republic of Mauritius. Fish stock is threatened by overfishing, illegal fishing activities, as well as the impact of climate change -including rising ocean temperatures, ocean acidification and sea level rise- on fish species. Figure 1 represents historic trends related to fish stocks within safe biological limits, both for artisanal and banks catch. The threshold for maximum yearly catch of fish is 1,700 tonnes for artisanal catch, and 4,200 tonnes for banks catch.